Seat No.:	Enrolment
No	

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-IV • EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2013

	•	ct Code: 142402 Date: 17-06-2013	,
T	•	ct Name: Fundamentals of Power Electronics 10:30am - 01:00pm Total Marks: 70)
		 Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 	
Q.1	(a)	Draw the Block Diagram of Power Electronics System and Explain functionality and working of each block in detail.	07
	(b)	Explain V-I Characteristics of SCR and Derive equation of I _A using two transistor analogy of SCR.	07
Q.2	(a)	Draw symbols and V-I characteristics of (a) Diode (b) DIAC (c) Power BJT (d) UJT (e) TRIAC (f) Power MOSFET (g) IGBT	07
	(b)	Compare the following term: 1. Power Diode and PIN Diode 2. Fast Recovery Diode and Schottky Diode	07
		OR	
	(b)	Compare the following term: 1. DIAC and TRIAC 2. Power BJT and Power MOSFET	07
Q.3	(a)	Define commutation. Describe Thyristor Turn OFF mechanism in detail. List the method of commutation.	07
	(b)	Discuss causes and effect of di/dt and dv/dt problem for Thyristor and Explain its remedies.	07
		OR	
Q.3	(a)	Define Turn ON time. Describe Thyristor Turn ON mechanism in detail . List the method of Triggering.	07
	(b)	Discuss Characteristics of ideal switch and explain each in detail.	07
Q.4	(a)	Define Rectification. Explain working of 1- Ø Controlled Rectifier along with neat circuit diagram and waveform.	07
	(b)	What is inverter? Explain Classification of inverter in details. List the requirement of practical inverter.	07
		OR	
Q. 4	(a)	Explain Classification of Chopper. Explain working of down chopper using circuit diagram and neat waveform.	07
	(b)	What is Cycloconverter? Explain working and application of it.	07
Q.5	(a)	Write a Short Note on: Material used in Power Semiconductor Devices.	07
Q.S	(b)	Define Following terms: 1. Reverse Recovery Time 2. THD 3. DF 4. LOH	07
	(2)	5.Duty Cycle 6.Latching Current 7. Holding current	0,
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Write a Short Note on : Power Module	07
Ç	(b)	Define Following terms: 1.Finger Voltage 2.Intrinsic Stand off Ratio 3.Peak inverse Voltage 4. Rectification Efficiency 5. Rise Time 6. Displacement Power	07
		Factor 7. Harmonic Factor.	

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