

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-VIII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2014

Subject Code: 180805**Date: 27-05-2014****Subject Name: High Voltage Engineering****Time: 10:30 am TO 01:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a)** A steady current of $600\mu\text{A}$ flows through the plane electrodes separated by a distance of 0.5cm when a voltage of 10kV is applied. Determine the Townsend's first ionization constant (coefficient) if a current of $60\mu\text{A}$ flows when the distance of separation is reduced to 0.1cm and the field is kept constant at previous value. **07**
- (b)** Explain the difference between photo-ionization and photo-electric emission. **07**

- Q.2 (a)** What is Vacuum? Discuss the various mechanisms of vacuum breakdown. **07**
- (b)** Why are both electrical & thermal properties important for liquids for use in an apparatus like a transformer? **07**

OR

- (b)** What is "stressed oil volume theory", how does it explain breakdown in large volumes of commercial liquid dielectrics? **07**

- Q.3 (a)** What are the different methods and means for purification of liquid dielectric? **07**
- (b)** Discuss the different methods of measuring high dc voltages. What are the limitations in each method? **07**

OR

- Q.3 (a)** What is capacitance voltage transformer? Explain with phasor diagram how a tuned capacitance voltage transformer can be used for voltage measurements in power systems. **07**

- (b)** What is a trigatron gap? Explain its function and operation. **07**

- Q.4 (a)** For a High voltage d.c generator using Cockroft- Walton circuit with 4 stages and peak input a.c voltage of 100kV , 200Hz , the load current of 4mA and each stage capacitance of $0.02\mu\text{F}$, calculate the ripple voltage and voltage drop. **07**

- (b)** What is the principle of operation of a resonant transformer? How is it advantages over the Cascade connected transformer? **07**

OR

- Q.4 (a)** Compare the use of uniform field electrode spark gap & sphere gap for measuring peak values of voltage. **07**

- (b)** Explain one method of controlled tripping of impulse generators. Why is controlled tripping necessary? **07**

- Q.5 (a)** Give the Marx circuit arrangement for multistage impulse generators. How is the basic arrangement modified to accommodate the wave time control resistance? **07**

- (b)** Define the following term. **07**
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|----------------------|---|
| (a) Corona Discharge | (d) Partial discharge |
| (b) Loss tangent | (e) Surge impedance |
| (c) Impulse ratio | (f) Dielectric strength |
| | (g) Townsend's first ionization constant. |

OR

- Q.5 (a)** Write short notes on : (i) Type test (ii) Routine test **07**

- (b)** Explain in details the H.V Schering bridge. How is it different from low voltage Schering- bridge ? **07**
