

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**M.E Sem-I Regular Examination January / February 2011****Subject code: 711502 N****Subject Name: Structural Dynamics and Earthquake Engineering****Date: 01 /02 /2011****Time: 02.30 pm – 05.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Use of IS 1893 – 2002 and IS 13920 is permitted.

Q.1 (a) For a three story building frame, lumped mass and story stiffness are shown in figure – 1, calculate natural frequency and corresponding mode shapes for the fundamental mode only. Also draw mode shapes. **14**

Q.2 (a) Describe seismic waves briefly. **07**

(b) Explain the following terms : **07**

1. Magnitude of Earthquake and Intensity of Earthquake
2. Ductility and Flexibility of building

OR

(b) Explain the structural irregularities in Reinforced Concrete buildings. **07**

Q.3 (a) Solve the following problems **07**

1. Find the natural frequency of the system as shown in figure – 2. Take $k = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $m = 20 \text{ kg}$.
2. For the system shown in figure – 3, the characteristic of the dashpot is such that when the constant force of 49 N is applied to the piston its velocity is found to be constant 0.12 m/sec. Determine the value of C and justify that the system is periodic or aperiodic.

(b) Equation of motion of Single degree of freedom system is given by $5\ddot{X} + 3\dot{X} + 12X = 10 \sin \omega t$. Calculate the following 1.Damping factor 2. Damped Frequency 3.Critical damping 4.Amplitude at resonance 5. Magnification factor 6. Logarithmic decrement **07**

OR

Q.3 (a) Explain SDOF system and derive the response of undamped free vibration for SDOF system **07**

(b) A vertical cantilever of mild steel tube section is 2.5 m long and supports 5 kN weight. The tube has external diameter 250 mm and wall thickness 5 mm. The system is subjected to a harmonic force of 10 kN amplitude and 4 Hz frequency find the maximum steady state displacement in the tube. Take damping as 5% of critical damping. **07**

Q.4 (a) A typical floor as shown in figure – 4 is subjected to design lateral force of 150 kN in X - direction. Size of column is 400 mm X 600 mm and mass is uniformly distributed. Using appropriate clauses of code, carry out lateral forces on the column. **07**

(b) Explain the following **07**

1. Strong ground motion
2. Richter magnitude scale

OR

- Q.4 (a)** Calculate base shear for the 7 story R.C. frame building for hospital located in Bhubaneswar, using seismic coefficient method for the following data **14**
1. No. of bays in X – direction - 6
 2. No. of bays in Y – direction - 4
 3. Bay width in both direction - 4 m
 4. Story height - 3.5 m
 5. Thickness of Slab - 150 mm
 6. Size of Beam - 230 mm x 450 mm
 7. Size of Column - 300 mm x 600 mm
 8. Internal wall thickness - 115 mm
 9. External wall thickness - 230 mm
 10. Live Load - 4 kN/m²
- Assume suitable data if required. Give your calculation with appropriate clause number of code and draw shear distribution at each floor level.

- Q.5 (a)** Explain liquefaction in detail. **07**
(b) How the effects of earthquake can be reduced on the building? **07**

OR

- Q.5 (a)** Explain the important points to be kept in mind for the design of “Flexural members” as per IS 13920. **07**
(b) Describe the basic principles and guidelines for achieving efficient Earthquake resistant structural design. **07**

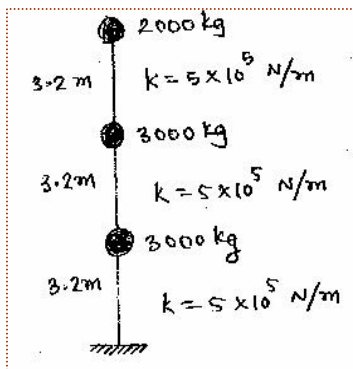


Figure – 1

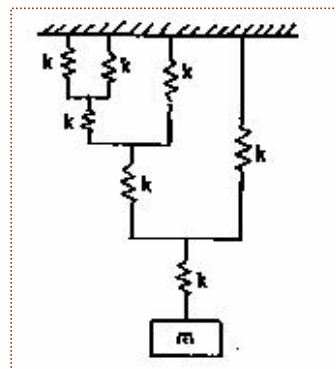


Figure – 2

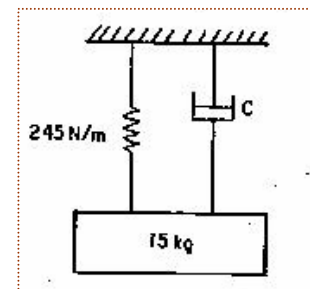


Figure – 3 Figure – 3

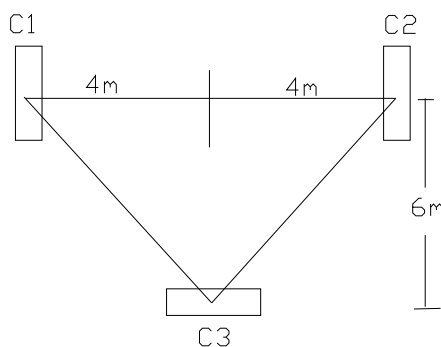


Figure – 4