

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**ME Semester –II Examination Dec. - 2011**

Subject code: 1720110

Date: 19/12/2011

Subject Name: Numerical methods

Time: 02.30 pm – 05.00 pm

Total Marks: 70

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Discuss in detail Newton-rapson method for solution of an equation with suitable example. **07**
- (b) Write and explain in detail the computer program of Runge-Kutta 2<sup>nd</sup> order method for solution of ordinary differential equation. **07**

- Q.2** (a) Apply Gauss elimination method to solve the equations **07**  
 $x+3y-2z=5, 2x+y-3z=1, 3x+2y-z=6$
- (b) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Seidel method. **07**  
 $15x+y+z=17, 2x+15y+z=18, x+2y+15z=18.$

**OR**

- (b) Write and explain algorithm for matrix inversion. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Explain and derive trapezoidal rule for numerical integration. **07**
- (b) Given  $e_0=1, e_1=2.72, e_2=7.39, e_3=20.09, e_4=54.60$ , find an approximation **07**  
value of  $\int_0^4 e^x dx$  by Simpson's one-third rule.

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) Explain and derive Simpson's one-third rule. **07**
- (b) Given  $e_0=1, e_1=2.72, e_2=7.39, e_3=20.09, e_4=54.60$ , find an approximation **07**  
value of  $\int_0^4 e^x dx$  by Trapezoidal rule.

- Q.4** (a) Explain Euler's method and derive equation for the same. **07**
- (b) Fit a straight line to the following data: **07**

|    |   |   |   |     |   |     |
|----|---|---|---|-----|---|-----|
| x: | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3   | 4 | 5   |
| y: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4.5 | 6 | 7.5 |

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) Write and explain algorithm for modified Euler's method. **07**
- Q.4** (b) Fit a straight line to the following data: **07**

|    |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| x: | 100  | 120  | 140  | 160  | 180  | 200  |
| y: | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.85 |

- Q.5** (a) Explain the following with suitable examples **07**
- (i) Significant digits
  - (ii) Machine epsilon

- (b) Kirchhoff's rules can be used to express the impedance of the system as **07**

$$\frac{1}{Z} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{R^2} + (\omega C - 1/\omega L)^2}$$

Where  $Z$ =impedance( $\Omega$ ) and  $\omega$ =the angular frequency. Find the  $\omega$  that results in an impedance of  $75 \Omega$  using bisection method with initial guesses of 1 and 1000 for the following parameters:

$R=225 \Omega$ ,  $C=0.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{F}$ , and  $L=0.5 \text{H}$

**OR**

- Q.5 (a)** Explain the following with suitable examples **07**

(i) Different types of error.

- (b) Kirchhoff's rules can be used to express the impedance of the system as **07**

$$\frac{1}{Z} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{R^2} + (\omega C - 1/\omega L)^2}$$

Where  $Z$ =impedance( $\Omega$ ) and  $\omega$ =the angular frequency. Find the  $\omega$  that results in an impedance of  $75 \Omega$  using False position method with initial guesses of 1 and 1000 for the following parameters:

$R=225 \Omega$ ,  $C=0.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{F}$ , and  $L=0.5 \text{H}$

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