

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**M. E. - SEMESTER – II • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2012**

**Subject code: 1722101****Date: 29-12-2012****Subject Name: Design of Heat Exchange Equipments****Time: 10.30 am – 01.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Explain classification of heat exchangers in detail. **07**  
(b) Explain the following approach used for analysis and design of heat exchanger. **07**  
(i) LMTD  
(ii)  $\epsilon$  - NTU

- Q.2** (a) List and Explain the basic principles of heat transfer in detail. **07**  
(b) List and explain the factors to be considered while selecting heat exchangers. **07**

**OR**

- (b) Answers the following .(Any Two) **07**  
1. Why are the counter flow heat exchangers the most efficient?  
2. Under what conditions can a double pipe heat exchanger replace a shell and tube heat exchanger?  
3. What is the need for multi-pass heat exchanger?  
4. Why should a shell and tube heat exchanger be preferred over a newer type of heat exchanger for common applications?

- Q.3** (a) State and explain the advantages and disadvantages of plate heat exchangers. **07**  
(b) Explain evaporator (any ONE) in detail with neat sketch. **07**

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) Explain the construction of plate heat exchangers with neat sketch. **07**  
(b) Explain evaporator design. **07**

- Q.4** (a) Explain the general design considerations for shell and tube exchangers design. **07**  
(b) In a single pass shell and tube exchanger 2000 kg / hr service fluid is cooled from 120°C to 60 °C by using at 25 °C .The mass flow rate of water is 1500 kg/hr. Find the effectiveness of the heat exchanger and the area required. The overall heat transfer coefficient is 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup> K. The Specific heat capacity of service fluid is given as 3 kJ/kg. If the diameter of tube is 12 mm ,find the numbers of tube required such that shell length is 4 m. **07**

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) Find the heat transfer coefficient for the shell and tube exchanger with the following specifications by using Kern's method: **07**  
Length of shell = 5 m                      Shell diameter = 1.2 m  
Outside diameter of tube = 32 mm      Tube pitch (triangular) = 50 mm  
Baffle spacing = 150 mm                  Baffle thickness = 4 mm

**Fluid specifications :**

Mass flow rate = 6 kg/sec

density = 840 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Specific heat capacity = 2.55 kJ/kg  
Dynamic viscosity =  $0.482 \times 10^{-3}$  Ns/m<sup>2</sup>  
Thermal conductivity = 0.11 W/m K

(b) Explain the design of furnace in detail. **07**

**Q.5** (a) Explain the step by step design procedure of shell and tube condenser design? **07**

(b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of double pipe heat exchangers. **07**

**OR**

**Q.5** (a) Explain the classification of condensers and its applications. **07**

(b) Explain the design of double pipe heat exchangers by approximate method. **07**

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