

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
M. E. - SEMESTER – I • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2013

Subject code: 710401N**Date: 23-12-2013****Subject Name: Statistical Signal Analysis****Time: 10.30 am – 01.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a)** Define Cumulative Distribution Function. List and prove all the properties of CDF. **07**
- (b)** Let $Y = a \cos(\omega t + \phi)$ where a , ω and t are constants and ϕ is a uniform random variable in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$. The random variable Y results from sampling the amplitude of a sinusoid with random phase ϕ . Find the expected value of Y and expected value of the power of Y , Y^2 . **07**
- Q.2 (a)** Consider a random process $X(t)$ defined by **07**

$$X(t) = U \cos t + V \sin t, \quad -\infty < t < \infty$$
where U and V are independent RV's, each of which assumes the values -2 and 1 with the probabilities $1/3$ and $2/3$, respectively. Show that $X(t)$ is WSS but not strict-sense stationary.
- (b)** Let X and Y denote the amplitude of noise signals at two antennas. The random vector (X, Y) has the joint pdf **07**

$$f(x, y) = axe^{-ax^2/2}bye^{-by^2/2} \quad x > 0, y > 0, a > 0, b > 0$$
 - a. Find the joint cdf.
 - b. Find $P[X > Y]$.
 - c. Find the marginal pdf's.
- OR**
- (b)** Find the mean and variance of the geometric random variable. **07**
- Q.3 (a) i)** A communication system accepts a positive voltage V as input and outputs a voltage $Y = \alpha V + N$, where $\alpha = 10^{-2}$ and N is a Gaussian random variable with parameters $m = 0$ and $\sigma = 2$. Find the value of V that gives $P[Y < 0] = 10^{-6}$. **04**
- ii)** Explain Markov Inequality. **03**
- (b)** State and prove central limit theorem. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3 (a)** If X and Y both are independent then show that $E[XY] = E[X] E[Y]$. **07**
- (b) i)** A fair coin is tossed 10 times. Find the probability of the occurrence of 5 or 6 heads. **03**
- ii)** A deck of cards contains 10 red cards numbered 1 to 10 and 10 black cards numbered 1 to 10. How many ways are there of arranging the 20 cards in a row? Suppose we draw the cards at random and lay them in a row, what is the probability that red and black cards alternate? **04**
- Q.4 (a)** Explain the following: Correlation, covariance and correlation coefficient. **07**
- (b)** Find the characteristic function of the uniform random variable in the interval $[a, b]$. Find the mean and variance of X by applying the moment theorem. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4 (a)** Explain probability generating function. **07**
- (b)** Let the random variable Y be defined by $Y = aX + b$, where a is a nonzero constant. Suppose that X has cdf $F_X(x)$, then find $F_Y(y)$. Find $f_Y(y)$. **07**

- Q.5 (a)** Classify random processes and explain each of them. **07**
- (b)** Consider the random process $X(t) = Y \cos \omega t$, $t \geq 0$ where ω is a constant and Y is a uniform random variable over $(0,1)$. **07**
- i) Find $E[X(t)]$.
 - ii) Find the autocorrelation function of $X(t)$.
 - iii) Find the autocovariance function of $X(t)$.

OR

- Q.5 (a)** Explain strong and weak law of large numbers. **07**
- (b)** Show that if $\{X(t), t \in T\}$ is a strict-sense stationary random process, then it is also WSS. **07**
