

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**M. E. - SEMESTER – III • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2013****Subject code: 730403****Date: 28-11-2013****Subject Name: Optimization Techniques****Time: 10.30 am – 01.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (a) (i) Find the maxima and minima, if any, of the function 03

$$f(x) = 12x^5 - 45x^4 + 40x^3 + 5.$$

(ii) Find the extreme points of the function 04

$$f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^3 + x_2^3 + x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + 10.$$

- (b) Find the dimensions of a rectangular box of volume $V = 1000 \text{ in}^3$ for 07**
 which the total length of the 12 edges is a minimum using the
 Lagrange's method of multipliers (No need to check the sufficiency
 conditions). Find the change in the dimensions of the box when the
 volume is changed to 1200 in^3 by using the value of λ^* found.

Q.2 (a) Consider the following problem: 07

$$\text{Minimize } f(X) = (x_1 - 2)^2 + (x_2 - 1)^2$$

$$\text{subject to } 2 \geq x_1 + x_2, \quad x_2 \geq x_1^2,$$

Determine whether the Kuhn-Tucker conditions are satisfied at the
 following points:

$$X_1 = [1.5, 0.5]^T, \quad X_2 = [1, 1]^T, \quad X_3 = [2, 0]^T.$$

- (b) Use the graphical method to minimize $f = -x_1 + 2x_2$ 07**
 subject to the constraints

$$-x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 10, \quad x_1 + x_2 \leq 6,$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \leq 2, \quad x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$$

OR

- (b) Use Revised Simplex Method to maximize $f = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3$ 07**
 subject to $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 430$, $3x_1 + 2x_3 \leq 460$,
 $x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 420$, $x_1 \geq 0$, $x_2 \geq 0$, $x_3 \geq 0$.

Q.3 (a) Use Fibonacci Method with $n = 6$ to maximize the function 07

$$f(\lambda) = \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{1 + \lambda^2}} - \sqrt{1 + \lambda^2} \left(1 - \frac{0.5}{1 + \lambda^2} \right) + \lambda$$

in the interval $[0, 3]$.

- (b) Use Secant Method to find the minimum of $f = x^3 - 4x + 9$ with an 07**
 initial step size of $t_0 = 0.2$, $\lambda_1 = 0.0$, and $\varepsilon = 0.01$.

OR

Q.3 (a) Use Dichotomous Search Method to find the minimum of 07
 $f = x^2 - 1.6x + 4$ in the interval $(0.0, 1.00)$ to within 10% of the
 exact value. Take $\delta = 0.001$.

- (b) Use Newton's Method to minimize the function 07**

$$f(\lambda) = \frac{\lambda}{\log \lambda}$$

with $\lambda_0 = 2$. Iterate until $|f'(\lambda)| < 0.01$.

Q.4 (a) Perform three iterations of Interval Halving Method to minimize the function $f(\lambda) = 3\lambda^5 - 5\lambda^3 - 30\lambda + 20$ in the interval $(0, 2)$. **07**

(b) What are pattern directions? Draw the flow chart of Powell's method. **07**

OR

Q.4 (a) Use Golden Section Method to minimize the function **07**

$$f(\lambda) = 3\lambda^5 - 10\lambda^3 - 45\lambda + 1$$

with $n = 6$ in the interval $(0, 3)$.

(b) Write the algorithm of Univariate Method. **07**

Q.5 (a) Minimize $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 - x_2 + 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2$ from the starting point $X_1 = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$ using Hooke and Jeeves's Method. Take $\varepsilon = 0.1$ and $\Delta x_1 = \Delta x_2 = 0.8$. Perform only two iterations. **07**

(b) Find the dimensions of a rectangular prism type box that has the largest volume when the sum of its length, width and height is limited to a maximum value of 60 in. and its length is restricted to a maximum value of 36 in. **07**

OR

Q.5 (a) Use Fletcher-Reeves method to minimize **07**

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 3x_1^2 - 5x_1x_2 + 4x_2^2 - 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

from the point $X_1 = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$. Perform only two iterations.

(b) Describe the basic approach of the penalty function method. Also write the algorithm of Exterior Penalty function Method. **07**
