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GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

M. E. - SEMESTER - II • EXAMINATION - WINTER • 2014 Subject code: 1721602 Date: 03-12-2014 **Subject Name: Chemical Process Optimization** Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm **Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. A log has the form of a frustum of cone 30 feet long, the diameters of its ends being 2 Q.1 (a) feet and 1 foot. A beam of square section is to be cut from the log. Find the length if the volume is maximum. Find the global minimum and maximum of the function $y = x_2 - x_1^2$ if it is subject to **07** the restriction that $1 - x_1^2 - x_2^2 = 0$ using the penalty function method. Write necessary any sufficient conditions for an extreme value of multivariable 07 **Q.2** objective function and find out stationary point for $y = 1 + 8x + 2x^2 - \frac{10}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{4}{5}x^5 - \frac{1}{6}x^6$ Explain the concept of Multi-objective optimization giving classification of 07 techniques. OR Explain the concept and algorithm of Simulated Annealing technique with 07 An open top box is to be made out of a piece of cardboard measuring 2m X 3m by 07 Q.3cutting off equal surfaces from the corners and turning up the side. Find dimensions of the box for maximum volume. (b) Explain the basics of population based search techniques and discuss working of 07 Genetic Algorithm for optimization. OR Find the maximum of Q.3 (a) **07** $y = 10x_1^2 - 4x_1x_2 + 3x_2^2 + 5x_2x_3$ subject to $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 3$ $x_2 - x_3 \ge 2$ $x_1 \ge 1$ using lagrangian multipliers. Find the value of x in the interval (0,1) which minimizes the function f = x(x-1.5)**07** with ± 0.05 using Golden Section search or Fibonacci search technique. **07 Q.4** (a) Find the minimum of $y = \frac{2}{x_1 x_2} + \frac{3}{x_2} + 4x_1 x_2^2$ using geometric programming and also find the location of minimum.

Q.4

Using Powellos method to minimize $f(x) = x_1^2 + \exp(x_1^2 + x_2^2)$. 07 Explain TABU search optimization technique with algorithm and example. 07

Give example of MILP problem and present any one method to solve MILP problem.

07

- Q.5 (a) Carry out two stages of a Hooke-Jeeves search for searching a minimum of the objective 07 function $y = x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 5x_3^2$. Use $\delta = 0.5$, starting from the base point (2, -1,1). A stage consists of a local exploration, together with an accelerated move.
 - **(b)** Explain the concept and algorithm of Simulated Annealing technique with **07** example.

OR

Q.5 Carryout vertex rejection and regeneration in searching for the minimum of the objective function $y = x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 5x_3^2$ using the Sequential Simplex method. Distance between vertices is a = 0.5 and one of the vertex at the point (0,0,0). Use a=0.01 for next iteration and carry out calculation up to three vertex rejection regeneration in second stage of search.
