Seat I	No.:	Enrolment No	
		GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY	
		M. Pharm. – SEMESTER – I • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2013	
Subj	ect	Code: 910203 Date: 26-12-2013	
		Name: Advances in Pharmacology	
-		0.30 am - 01.30 pm Total Marks: 80	
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	1.	Attempt any five questions.	
	2.	Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
	3.	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a)	Write in detail about anticholinesterase poisoning and its treatment.	06
	(b)	Explain the role of immunosuppressant's in organ transplantations giving suitable examples.	05
	(c)	State whether the following statement is true or false with suitable justification: "Cephalosporins are generally well tolerated but are more toxic than penicillin."	05
Q.2	(a)	Write the therapeutic uses, contraindications and interactions of anticholinergic agents	06
	(b)	Give recent trends in the treatment of tuberculosis.	05
	(c)	Enlist various antimetabolites used in treatment of cancer and describe their pharmacology in detail.	05
Q.3	(a)	Write a short note on anorectic agents.	06
	(b)	Explain various problems that arise with the use of antimicrobial agents.	05
	(c)	Give examples of newer macrolide antibiotics and its mechanism of action, antibacterial spectrum and its uses.	05
Q.4	(a)	Give the current choice of drug for worm infestations common in Indian Subcontinent, with detailed insights into pharmacology.	06
	(b)	Describe the general principle in chemotherapy of cancer.	05
	(c)	Write a short note on drug used for the treatment of systemic mycoses.	05
Q.5	(a)	Describe the Mechanism of action, mechanism of resistance and shared toxicities of Aminoglycoside antibiotics.	06
	(b)	Write a short note on adrenergic antagonist capable of blocking both alpha and beta adrenergic receptors.	05
	(c)	Write briefly on Artemisinin-based combination therapy for the treatment of uncomplicated falciparum malaria.	05
Q. 6	(a)	Describe the distinctive features pharmacological actions of histamine through three types of histaminergic receptors.	06
	(b) (c)	Explain various regimens for the treatment of Sexually transmitted diseases Differentiate between the following: i) Depolarizing and Non-Depolarizing Neuromuscular blockers ii) Centrally acting and peripherally acting Muscle relaxants	05 05
Q.7	(a) (b) (c)	Describe the pharmacological actions of major prostaglandins.  Write a brief account on cytotoxic immunosuppressant's.  Classify various therapeutic agents preferred for the treatment and prophylaxis of HIV infection. Also explain the recent trends for the same.	06 05 05

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