

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**PDDC – SEMESTER – VIII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2014**

**Subject code: X81901****Date: 27-05-2014****Subject Name: Thermal Engineering****Time: 10.30 am to 01.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Use of steam table and Moiler chart is permitted.
4. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Give classification of steam turbine and explain any one type of steam turbine. **07**
- (b) What do you mean by compounding of steam turbine ? Enlist the different methods for it. Draw a neat sketch for any one. **07**

- Q.2** (a) Define the following : **07**
- (1) Speed ratio
  - (2) Blade velocity coefficient
  - (3) Nozzle efficiency
  - (4) Critical pressure
- (b) The throat diameter of round section of nozzle is 7 mm. Steam with initial pressure of 10 bar and 260°C of temperature is to be expanded down to a back pressure of 1.0 bar. Determine : **07**
- (1) Throat pressure
  - (2) Velocity at throat
  - (3) Velocity at exit
  - (4) Flow rate
  - (5) Exit diameter
  - (6) Angle of cone for divergent part of nozzle, if the length of divergent portion is 50 mm.

**OR**

- (b) Derive an expression for mass flow rate of steam through nozzle. **07**
- Q.3** (a) For an impulse turbine, explain the following terms and also obtained expression for them **07**
- (1) Power
  - (2) Axial thrust
  - (3) Blade efficiency
- (b) A single stage impulse turbine has a mean blade speed is 220 m/sec and blade speed ratio is 0.5 and discharge is axial. The nozzle angle is 16° and blade friction factor is 0.92. Determine : **07**
- (1) Blade angles at inlet and outlet
  - (2) Theoretical power per kg of steam

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) The outlet angle of the blade of a Parson's reaction turbine is 20° and axial velocity of flow of steam is 0.5 times the mean blade velocity. Mass flow rate of steam is 60 kg/sec. If the diameter of ring is 1.50 meter and rotational speed is 3000 r.p.m. determine: **07**
- (1) Inlet angles of blades
  - (2) Power developed
- (b) Write a short note on : Governing of steam turbine **07**

- Q.4** (a) Explain the various methods of attachment of blades to turbine rotor. **07**
- (b) Explain various losses in steam turbine **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Steam at a pressure of 15 bar and 250°C is expanded through a turbine at first to a pressure of 4 bar. It is then reheated at constant pressure to the initial temperature of 250°C and finally expanded to 0.1 bar. Estimate : **07**
- (1) Amount of heat supplied during reheat
- (2) Work done per kg of steam
- (3) Work done per kg of steam without reheat cycle
- (b) Explain regenerative cycle with neat sketch. **07**
- Q.5** (a) State the classification of gas turbine and explain with neat sketch working of closed cycle gas turbine. **07**
- (b) A gas turbine unit has a pressure ratio of 6:1 and maximum cycle temperature of 600°C. The isentropic efficiencies of the compressor and turbine are 0.8 and 0.82 respectively. Air enters the compressor at 25°C at the rate of 12 kg/s. Take  $C_p = 1.005$  kJ/kg and  $\gamma = 1.4$  for compression process, and  $C_p = 1.11$  kJ/kg and  $\gamma = 1.3$  for expansion process . Determine : **07**
- (1) Compressor work input
- (2) Turbine work output
- (3) Net work out put
- (4) Power developed
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) What is the principle of jet propulsion ? Explain turbo pop engine. **07**
- (b) Explain Ram jet with T-S diagram **07**

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